

HIGHLIGHTS

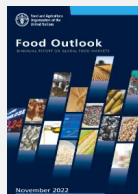


FAO and the Sustainable Development Goals – Achieving the 2030 Agenda through empowerment of local communities

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) belong to all of us. They represent our best shot at a better future for people and planet. But amid resurgent conflict, climate havoc, and social and health crises, we risk losing sight of them. This publication shows how FAO and partners continue to work towards the achievement of the SDGs, project by project, field by field, and country by country.

(64 pp.) | [Digital report](#)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2083en>



Food Outlook – Biannual Report on Global Food Markets

The coming year will see a somewhat tighter supply of wheat and coarse grains; steady or rising availability of sugar and rice; and a dip in meat and dairy trade, despite sustained production, according to this latest biannual forecast.

(100 pp.) | [Press release](#)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2864en>

PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE IN E-BOOK FORMAT

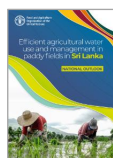


Guidebook for evaluating fisheries co-management effectiveness

[MOBI](#) | [E-PUB](#)

BOOKS

AGRICULTURE



Efficient agricultural water use and management in paddy fields in Sri Lanka – National outlook

Rice is a staple in Sri Lanka, a thirsty crop that invokes the challenge of balancing water needs for agriculture with water needs for human consumption. This report identifies entry points for national efforts at improving the efficiency of water use in the country.

(80 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2778en>



Stratégie de développement du secteur des cultures pour l'Afrique de l'Est 2021-2026

The strategy aims to enhance food and nutrition security by improving crop production and productivity. It contains five strategic pillars: policy environment; institutional environment; crop production and productivity; processing and value addition; and market access.

(Addis Ababa, 64 pp. Also available in [English](#))

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb5903fr>



Review of agrifood trade policies of the Eastern Europe, Caucasus and Central Asia countries, 2019-2020

Analysis of recent policies in twelve countries from Ukraine in the west to Kyrgyzstan in the east reveals that the region's agricultural sector suffered less than other economic sectors during the COVID-19 pandemic, and that moves were made to accelerate the digitalization of trade.

(156 pp. Also available in [Russian](#))

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0064en>



Sustainable food cold chains: Opportunities, challenges and the way forward

As much as one-seventh of the food that is lost before it even reaches the consumer might not be if refrigeration were readily available. This report calls for National Cooling Action Plans to remedy that deficit.

(Nairobi & Rome, 124 pp.) UNEP & FAO

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc0823en>

CLIMATE CHANGE



Leveraging COVID-19 recovery strategies to build climate-smart agrifood systems in developing countries

Agri-food systems have taken a battering due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Without denying the damage done, this recovery period also represents an opportunity for these systems to bounce back in a more climate-smart way, especially in developing countries.

(56 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb8457en>

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT



A tool to support the spatial prioritization of commodity-specific investments – An application to Uganda

This methodology supports Ugandan policymakers in selecting top targets for investment among the country's districts that have the potential to be agricultural leaders, but languish in poverty instead.

(56 pp.) FAO Agricultural Development Economics Working Papers

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2840en>



The Flexible Multi-Partner Mechanism – 2021 Annual Progress Report (Annex B)

From inclusive governance mechanisms in Lao communities to training on savings and loans in rural Mali, this progress report details a variety of subprogrammes under a major FAO funding facility.

(288 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2784en>

EVALUATION



Evaluation of the project "Technical Assistance to Support the Establishment of a National Animal Identification, Registration and Traceability System (NAITS) in Georgia" – Project code: GCP/GE0/009/SWI

Livestock productivity depends on a reliable system of animal identification and registration. The evaluation of a programme designed to that end in Georgia found good outcomes overall, with a capacity to correct course when challenges emerged. The programme served as a model for similar interventions in Armenia and Azerbaijan.

(72 pp.)

FISHERIES AND AQUACULTURE



Opérations de pêche – Directives pour la prévention et la réduction des captures accidentelles de mammifères marins dans la pêche de capture

The document outlines options for marine mammal bycatch reduction through the application of technical measures, including spatial closures, the use of acoustic deterrents or alerting devices, modifications to fishing gear, and changes in the way fishing operations are conducted.

(132 pp. Also available in [English](#)) FAO Directives techniques pour une pêche responsable

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb2887fr>



Rapport juridique sur l'approche écosystémique des pêches au Bénin – Une analyse de l'approche écosystémique des pêches dans certains cadres politiques et juridiques nationaux du Bénin

These reports on the Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries (EAF) use the diagnostic tool to assess the extent to which countries that have such an approach (in this case, Benin) have aligned their policy and legal instruments with the EAF's minimum requirements.

(56 pp. Also available in [English](#)) EAF-Nansen Programme

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2120fr>

FORESTRY



Building climate-resilient dryland forests and agrosilvopastoral production systems – An approach for context-dependent economic, social and environmentally sustainable transformations

Drylands are among our planet's most fragile, endangered ecosystems. This document lists directions of action, at policy, governance, and pragmatic level, to ensure drylands remain food-productive and livelihood-sustaining in coming decades.

(80 pp., Arabic. Also available in [English](#), [French](#) and [Spanish](#)) Forestry Working Paper

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cb3803ar>



Forest-based adaptation: transformational adaptation through forests and trees

Thanks to their capacity to sequester carbon, foster biodiversity, and offer vital ecosystem services, forests are arguably our main tool for adapting to, and mitigating, climate change. This technical paper explains the concept of forest-based adaptation, reviews policy options, and establishes ten principles of climate actions involving forests.

(80 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2886en>



L'Initiative pour la restauration: revue annuelle 2021

The year 2021 marked the completion of The Restoration Initiative's third full year of implementation. Progress has defied low expectations linked to the COVID-19 pandemic. A new initiative closed the investment gap for young enterprises that incorporate nature-based solutions.

(80 pp. Also available in [English](#)) IUCN, FAO & UNEP

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4060/cc2051fr>

NUTRITION



Improving dietary diversity for women and children – Participants' handbook for improved nutrition practices

Eating a variety of foods in appropriate quantities daily is key to a healthy diet for everyone. This handbook contains practical guidance covering the production, collection, marketing, storage, processing, preparation and consumption of a wide variety of foods.

(Nay Pyi Taw, 72 pp., Burmese. Also available in [English](#))

RESILIENCE



Türkiye – Syrian Refugee Resilience Plan 2022–2023

With 3.7 million Syrians on its soil, or 4.5 percent of its population, Türkiye hosts the largest number of refugees in the world. This is the blueprint designed to guide FAO's actions in supporting the Turkish authorities as they meet the needs of Syrian refugees in 2022–2023.

(48 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4080/cc2343en>

STATISTICS



African Commission on Agricultural Statistics – Twenty-sixth Session, 4–8 November 2019 – Libreville, Gabon

Strengthening the country Data Portal hosted on the African Information Highway (AIH) is one of the recommendations of this session. Another is for FAO to boost the capacity of national offices to generate and process agricultural data.

(Accra, 76 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.4080/cb6638en>

RECENT RELEASES FROM OTHER UN AGENCIES AND IGOs

ORGANISATION FOR ECONOMIC CO-OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT – OECD



The Climate Action Monitor 2022 – Helping Countries Advance Towards Net Zero

The Climate Action Monitor 2022 updates the International Programme for Action on Climate (IPAC) annual comprehensive assessment of country progress towards net-zero goals and the Paris Agreement commitments.

(Paris, 84 pp.)

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/43730392-en>

UNITED NATIONS ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMME – UNEP



Adaptation Gap Report 2022: Too Little, Too Slow – Climate adaptation failure puts world at risk.

Climate change is landing blow after blow upon humanity and the planet, an onslaught that will only intensify in the coming years, even if the world begins to bring down greenhouse gas emissions. This report finds that the world must urgently increase efforts to adapt to these impacts of climate change.

(Nairobi, 84 pp.)